

Designing AI That Works for All, Not Just for Some

:Appropriate, Human-centered, and Application-driven AI for
Inclusive Deployment in Asia-Pacific

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Motivation: AI is not reaching those who need it most

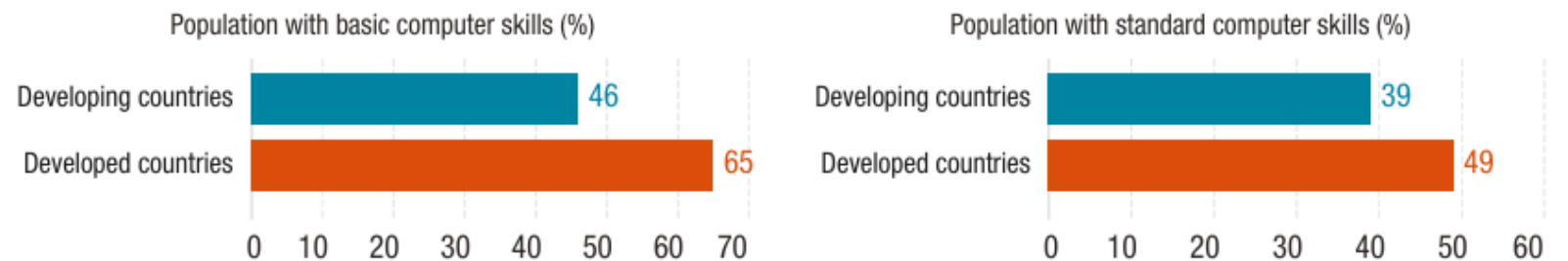
- **AI is widening development gaps across countries**
 - High-capacity countries benefit disproportionately
 - Many regions lack infrastructure and AI readiness



Developing countries face structural barriers to accessing frontier technologies

- **Economic constraints:** limited affordability, especially in rural areas
- **Digital divide & skills gap:** lack of infrastructure and insufficient digital capabilities

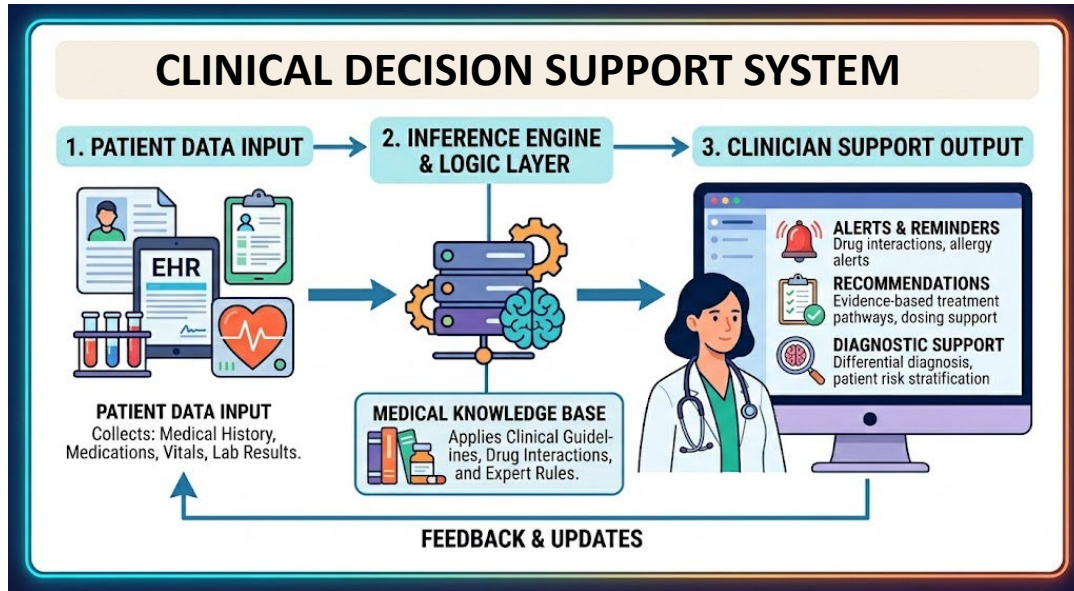
Gaps in digital skills



Source: UNCTAD based on ITU (2018, 2019).

Problem Diagnosis

- AI fails not due to technology, but due to mismatches
 - Mismatch with context and infrastructure
 - Mismatch with users and real-world needs



Data & Guidelines	<p>Contextual Fit Failure (Appropriate)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limited or biased training data from specific institutions • Differences in infrastructure, regulations, and clinical environments
Clinical Workflow	<p>User Alignment Failure (Human-centered)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Misalignment with clinical workflows and decision-making processes • Lack of transparency and explainability
Real World Deployment	<p>Real-world Deployment Failure (Application)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gap between pilot performance and real-world deployment • Misalignment with local guidelines and operational systems

AHA Framework: Three Conditions that AI must satisfy

- **Appropriate**

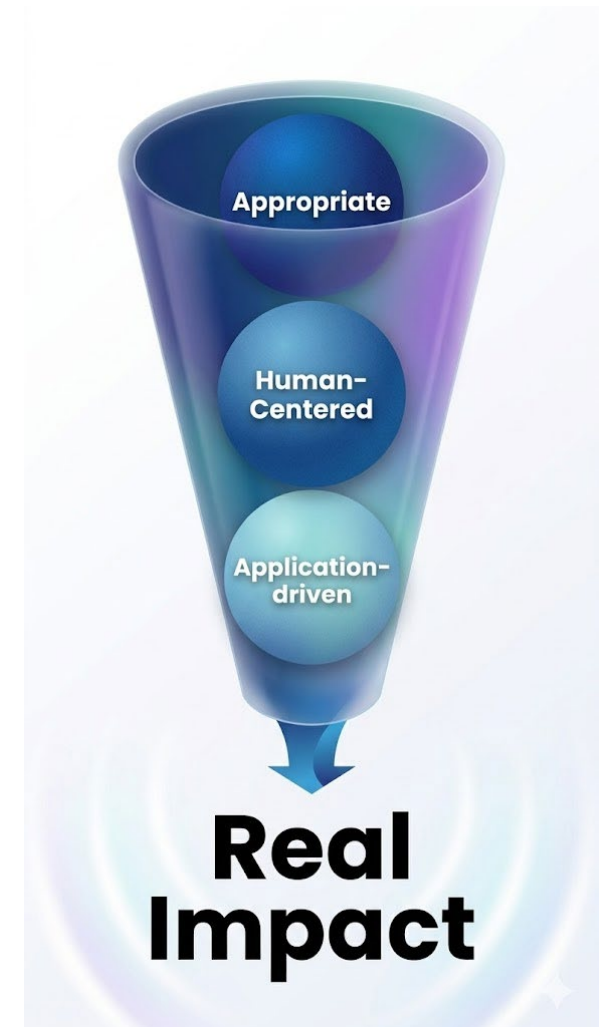
- Localizing technology to fit existing budgets, infrastructure, and environmental constraints considering AI Capability, Infrastructure(HW, Testbed), and Technologies

- **Human-Centered**

- Focusing on climate action, accessibility, and intuitive service design for the underserved

- **Application**

- Moving beyond labs to "Living Labs" where AI is validated in real-world scenarios.

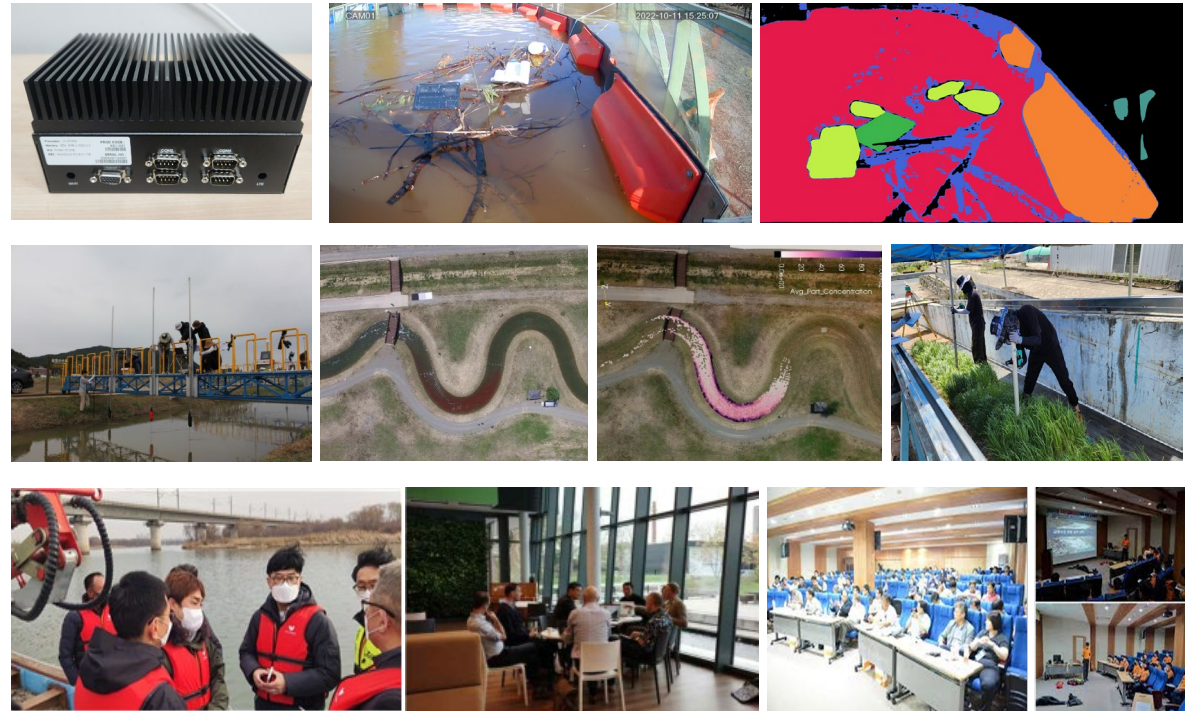


Case #1: Climate Actions

- **Deployable AI enables real impact in constrained environments**
 - Edge AI for flood monitoring in low-connectivity settings
 - Validated through living lab experimentation



Appropriate	Infra structure, EdgeAI
Human Centered	Climate Action, pollutant dispersion
Application	Validation though Living Lab, Empowerment Programs



Case 2: Human-Centered Robotic Service Design

- **Robot-Service with Appropriate AI**
 - Human-centered interaction and service design
 - Appropriate AI hardware and system integration



Appropriate	AI HW/SW, Digital Twin, On-Device AI, AI-Robots
Human Centered	Interaction Design for all generations, Human-centered Policy Design
Application	Validation though Living Lab, Policy Development

Raspberry Pi
0.5 TOPS
5 W
\$130

Nvidia Nano
67 TOPS
10 W
\$250

Energy-efficient, High-performance, and Cost-effective

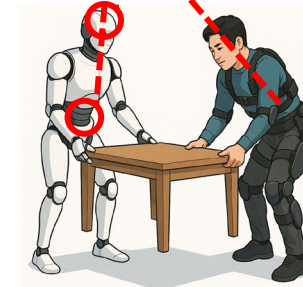
ETRI AI-SBC
150 TOPS
>50 W
?

Nvidia Orin
275 TOPS
60W
\$2,000

Nvidia Thor
1000 TOPS
130W
\$3,500



3D-Printed Robotics Living Lab for Developing and Testing Human-Centered Robot Models



Supporting form factors and performance for integration into various robots and wearable suits



Digital Twin



Living Lab

Case 3: Mobile X-ray

- **AI creates impact only when embedded in service systems**

- Mobile diagnostic system for underserved communities
- Application-driven deployment with accessibility focus



Appropriate	<p>Battery-powered Mobile X-ray System, AI Diagnosis Support</p>
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Human Centered	<p>Utilized in underserved medical environments</p>
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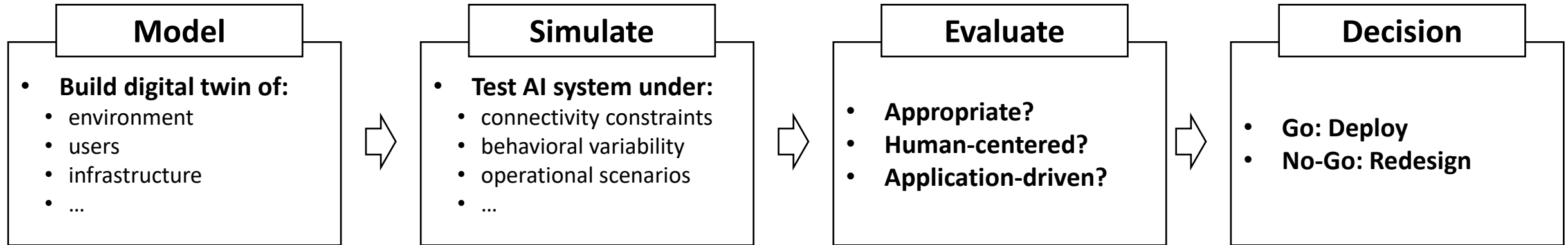
Application	<p>Providing universal healthcare services</p>
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From Design to Decision: Digital Twin Go/No-Go Framework



- **AI deployment should be validated before real-world implementation**
 - Digital twins enable simulation under local conditions
 - Go/No-Go decisions ensure safe and context-appropriate adoption



Scaling the Impact

- Standardization of the AHA Validation Process
- Establish "Living Lab Twinning" Across Borders
- Launch an Open AI & Data Sharing Platform for the Underserved

Conclusion

- **AI should be judged by its relevance to real-world contexts**
 - Not sophistication, but usability determines impact
 - AHA enables inclusive and scalable AI deployment
 - **Policy Recommendations for Inclusive AI**
 - Adopt the AHA Framework in Public AI Procurement
 - Institutionalize the **Digital Twin Go/No-Go Framework**
 - Invest in **Empowerment Programs** to Bridge Real-World Mismatches
 - **Governments should:**
 - (Pilot) Prioritize on-device AI for low-connectivity regions
 - (Validation) Use Digital Twin validation systems before deployment
 - (Scale-up) Policy Integration, Fund local capacity building programs
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